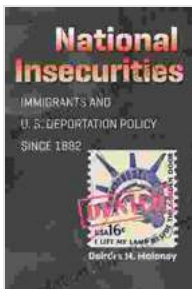


# Immigrants and Deportation Policy Since 1882: An Exploration of a Complex Issue

The United States has a long and complex history of immigration and deportation policy. The first major immigration law was the Chinese Exclusion Act of 1882, which banned the immigration of Chinese laborers for 10 years. This law was followed by a series of other laws that restricted immigration from various countries, including the Immigration Act of 1924, which established national quotas for immigration.



## National Insecurities: Immigrants and U.S. Deportation Policy since 1882 by Deirdre M. Moloney

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The deportation of immigrants has also been a major part of U.S. immigration policy. The first major deportation law was the Alien Expulsion Act of 1952, which allowed the government to deport immigrants who were deemed to be "undesirable." This law was followed by a series of other laws that expanded the grounds for deportation, including the Immigration and Nationality Act of 1965 and the Illegal Immigration Reform and Immigrant Responsibility Act of 1996.

In recent years, immigration and deportation policy has become increasingly controversial. President Donald Trump has taken a hard line on immigration, and has proposed a number of policies that would make it more difficult for immigrants to enter and remain in the United States. These policies include a ban on travel from several Muslim-majority countries, the separation of families at the border, and the construction of a wall on the U.S.-Mexico border.

The debate over immigration and deportation policy is likely to continue for many years to come. It is a complex issue with no easy answers. However, it is important to understand the history of immigration and deportation policy in the United States in order to make informed decisions about the future.

### **The Chinese Exclusion Act of 1882**

The Chinese Exclusion Act of 1882 was the first major immigration law in the United States. It banned the immigration of Chinese laborers for 10 years. The law was passed in response to a wave of anti-Chinese sentiment that had been growing in the United States since the 1850s. Chinese immigrants were often seen as a threat to American jobs and wages.

The Chinese Exclusion Act was renewed several times over the years, and it was not until 1943 that Chinese immigrants were finally allowed to become naturalized citizens. The Chinese Exclusion Act had a profound impact on Chinese immigration to the United States. The number of Chinese immigrants dropped from 105,000 in 1880 to just 23,000 in 1900.

### **Ellis Island and Angel Island**

Ellis Island and Angel Island were the two main immigration stations in the United States from the late 19th century to the early 20th century. Ellis Island processed immigrants from Europe, while Angel Island processed immigrants from Asia. Both stations were overcrowded and unsanitary, and immigrants were often detained for weeks or even months.

Immigrants who were deemed to be inadmissible were deported. The most common reasons for deportation were illiteracy, physical disabilities, and mental illness. Immigrants who were suspected of being criminals or anarchists were also deported.

The experience of Ellis Island and Angel Island was traumatic for many immigrants. They were often treated with disrespect and hostility by immigration officials. They were also separated from their families and friends. Despite the challenges, Ellis Island and Angel Island were also places of hope and opportunity for many immigrants. They were the first step on their journey to a new life in the United States.

## **Operation Wetback**

Operation Wetback was a massive deportation campaign that was carried out by the United States government in the 1950s. The goal of the campaign was to deport Mexican immigrants who were living in the United States illegally. The campaign was carried out with great brutality, and many innocent people were deported.

Operation Wetback was a major turning point in U.S. immigration policy. It was the first time that the government had deported large numbers of immigrants who were living in the United States illegally. The campaign

also led to the creation of the BFree Download Patrol, which is responsible for enforcing immigration laws at the U.S.-Mexico bFree Download.

## **The Immigration and Nationality Act of 1965**

The Immigration and Nationality Act of 1965 was landmark legislation that reformed the U.S. immigration system. The law abolished the national quotas that had been in place since the 1920s. It also established a new preference system for immigration, which gave priority to skilled workers and family members of U.S. citizens and permanent residents.

The Immigration and Nationality Act of 1965 had a profound impact on immigration to the United States. The number of immigrants coming to the United States increased dramatically, and the demographics of the country began to change. The law also led to an increase in the number of undocumented immigrants living in the United States.

## **The Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986**

The Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986 was another major reform of the U.S. immigration system. The law created a new class of immigrants called "temporary protected status" (TPS). TPS allows immigrants from certain countries to stay in the United States if they are unable to return to their home countries due to war or natural disasters.

The Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986 also included provisions to crack down on undocumented immigration. The law made it a crime for employers to hire undocumented immigrants, and it increased the funding for bFree Download enforcement.

## **The Illegal Immigration Reform and Immigrant Responsibility Act of 1996**

The Illegal Immigration Reform and Immigrant Responsibility Act of 1996 was the largest overhaul of U.S. immigration law since the Immigration and Nationality Act of 1965. The law made it more difficult for undocumented immigrants to obtain legal status, and it expanded the grounds for deportation.

The Illegal Immigration Reform and Immigrant Responsibility Act of 1996 also created the "three strikes" rule, which allowed the government to deport undocumented immigrants who had been convicted of three or more crimes. The law also made it more difficult for undocumented immigrants to obtain driver's licenses and other forms of identification.

## **The Secure Fence Act of 2006**

The Secure Fence Act of 2006 authorized the construction of a fence along the U.S.-Mexico border. The fence was intended to deter illegal immigration and drug trafficking. However, the fence has been criticized for being ineffective and for damaging the environment.

## **Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA)**

Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) is a program that allows undocumented immigrants who were brought to the United States as children to stay in the country and work. DACA was created by President Obama in 2012. The program has been very successful, and it has allowed hundreds of thousands of young immigrants to come out of the shadows and live their lives without fear of deportation.

President Trump has tried to end DACA, but he has been blocked by the courts. The future of DACA is uncertain, but it is an important program that has made a real difference in the lives of many young immigrants.

## **Deferred Action for Parents of Americans and Lawful Permanent Residents (DAPA)**

Deferred Action for Parents of Americans and Lawful Permanent Residents (DAPA) is a program that would allow undocumented immigrants who are the parents of U.S. citizens or permanent residents to stay in the country and work. DAPA was created by President Obama in 2014, but it was blocked by the courts. President Trump has rescinded DAPA, and it is unlikely that the program will be implemented in the near future.

## **President Donald Trump and Immigration**

President Donald Trump has taken a hard line on immigration. He has proposed a number of policies that would make it more difficult for immigrants to enter and remain in the United States. These policies include a ban on travel from several Muslim-majority countries, the separation of families at the border, and the construction of a wall on the U.S.-Mexico border.

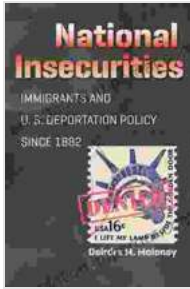
President Trump's immigration policies have been controversial. Some people support his policies, while others believe that they are cruel and inhumane. The debate over immigration policy is likely to continue for many years to

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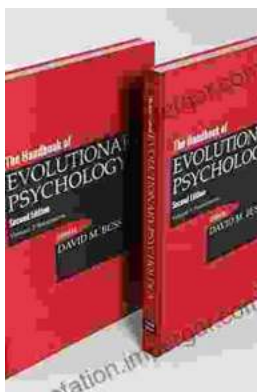
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